

Reteaching Activity



People and Government

DIRECTIONS Follow the directions to complete each section of the chart.

GOVERNMENT	
<p>1. List the four essential features of a state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • • • • 	<p>2. List the four theories on the origin of the state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • • • •
<p>3. List the four purposes of a government.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • • • • 	<p>4. List the three purposes of a constitution.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • • •

Each item refers to autocracy, oligarchy, or democracy. Place an *A*, *O*, or *D* next to each item based on the system to which it refers.

- _____ 5. free elections with competing political parties
- _____ 6. power derived from wealth, military power, social position, or religion
- _____ 7. totalitarian dictatorship
- _____ 8. power and authority to rule in the hands of a single individual
- _____ 9. rule by a small group
- _____ 10. individual liberty
- _____ 11. the governments of Adolf Hitler, Benito Mussolini, and Joseph Stalin

ECONOMICS

Each item refers to capitalism, socialism, or communism. Place a *CP*, *S*, or *CM* next to each item based on the system to which it refers.

- _____ 12. attempts to distribute wealth and economic opportunity equally
- _____ 13. free enterprise
- _____ 14. public ownership of most land, factories, and other means of production
- _____ 15. state owned land, natural resources, industry, banks, and transportation facilities; state controlled mass media
- _____ 16. private ownership and control of property and economic resources
- _____ 17. idea originated by Karl Marx
- _____ 18. government provides social services
- _____ 19. government decides how much to produce, what to produce, and how to distribute goods and services
- _____ 20. competition among businesses

Reteaching Activity



Origins of American Government

DIRECTIONS → The flow chart below shows the development of the American government. Write the numbers of the documents, plans, and compromises in the section of the chart in which they belong.

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| 1. Three-Fifths Compromise | 7. Magna Carta |
| 2. Articles of Confederation | 8. Declaration of Independence |
| 3. John Locke's <i>Two Treatises of Government</i> | 9. Connecticut Compromise |
| 4. New Jersey Plan | 10. Petition of Right |
| 5. English Bill of Rights | 11. Virginia Plan |
| 6. Commerce and Slave-Trade Compromise | |

_____ These early documents established basic rights for people and government.

_____ To ensure these rights, Americans fought the Revolutionary War.

_____ This document justified the Revolutionary War and set forth the principles on which the new nation was founded.

_____ Independence from England necessitated the formation of a federal government.

_____ This 1781 document established a government with a single-chamber Congress and no executive or judicial branches.

_____ This central government was weak, and as a result, the Constitutional Convention met to revise the structure and powers of government.

_____ These were proposed to solve the problems of Congress.

_____ A modern federal government was established and the Constitution was written.

_____ This established the organization of a bicameral Congress.
_____ This settled the issue of how to count the enslaved portion of a state's population when determining taxes and congressional representation.
_____ This set limits on Congress's powers concerning interstate and foreign trade.

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